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Key words:

SUMMARY

Of the different modalities of approach of such a topic on the physical planning in the regions situated at the periphery of the EU, our paper will focus especially on the empirical analysis of some of the most active layers of physical planning and will render evident the dissimilarities among them.

After the presentation of the general background of territorial planning in Romania as related to the situation in the UE, our paper approaches in detail some of the national features of the rural planning in the mountain region, emphasizing the fact that through a stratified and incongruous planning the levels arrive to annihilate each other.

Among the actors that structure the rural planning in the mountain region could be mention: the external economic agents, the local community, the church as institution and the European transportation routes.

The last part of paper deals with the fragile forestry fund systems in the Romania’s Eastern Carpathians Range, which is influenced by the tensions between the main actors of the arrangement and territory planning, generating destructuring and restructuring chain on the ensemble of natural and anthropic systems.